EXPLOITED HIS PROVINCE.

Governor Whitmarsh of Henguet Ordered to Go to Manila.

HE MUST ANSWER CHARGES

Accused of Using His Position to Acquire Lands and Mining Rights From Igorrotes.

Manila, July 8.-The United States Philippine commission has ordered H. P. Whitmarsh, the governor of Hengust province, to come to Manila and submit to an investigation, owing to the allegation that he has been using his position to his personal advantage in acquiring land and mining rights from the natives. He is at present charged with violation of his instructions. The commission particularly instructed Gov. Whitmarsh to cultivate the friendship and protect the interests of the Igorrotes, who suffered from Spanish exterflors and exploitations. Col. Duval of the Forty-eighth regi-ment, who formerly occupied the prov-nces of Union and Henguet, and Dr. Kieffer, the regimental surgeon, who was prominent in civil service of the province, coniplained of Gov. Whit-

arsh's method of administering his The commission is inclined to attribute the feeling existing to military opuet. Voluntary statements made by to Commissioner Worcester, while on a visit to Hengue*, formed the basis of the investigation. Gen. Bell has forwarded similar allegations to

Two friars who were invited to Calastao, province of Pagasinan, to celebrate a holiday, were mobbed. A native priest denounced the action of the people, whereupon they attacked the priest. The friars fied. The native papers have ince renewed their attacks on the

Gens, Chaffee and Wade are at Batangas. The removal of the military headquarters in southern Luzon from Manila to Lipa, in Batangas province, is contemplated.

Pardo de Tavera, who has been announced as a future member of the civil commission, and Gen. Cailles, the insurgent leader who recently surren-dered in Laguna province, are going to that province tomorrow in order to or-ganize municipalities.

BRITISH MILITARY MEN. Shake Their Heads Over Boer War

Disclosures. New York, July 9.-British military men, says the Tribune's London correspondent, have been shaking their heads ominously over the disclosures made by a special correspondent of the Daily Mail, respecting the conduct of the Boer war and the arbitrary suppression of facts by the press censors. They find evidence of what they have been expecting for a long time, namely that Lord Kitchner is now allowed to be as thorough and as ruthless as they think he ought to be, and that the government insists upon interfering with him

for political reasons. The radicals, on the other hand as-sert that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannernan's indictment of the government for conducting a barbarous warfare is fui-ly sustained and that Boer atrocities the natural sequels to Lord Kitchner's drastic measures. There will be a heavy cross fire of questions in the house of commons in consequence of all these painful revelations, but Mr. Brod-

rick has a safe refuge in silence. A parliamentary paper issued last night relating to the peace negotia-tions demonstrates that the Boer forces are in a very perilous state and that the burghers are only kept in the field by unblushing perversions of Lord chner's terms and extravagant fables of Boer success. The most notable instance of the latter are Dewet's state ment that Cape Colony has risen to a man against the British and that in proceeding to invade the colony he kill-

Other veracious statements are that the czar had received a Boer deputa-tion introduced by Mr. Leyds, and that France was ready to land troops in England on November 1. The assurance given by Mr. Kruger that he had made arra; gements in Europe by which the safety and comfort of the women and children in the refugee camps would be assured had considerable in-fluence with the Boer leaders in decid-

ing to continue the fight. A Prince Fills a Pauper's Grave.

New York, July 9.—Prince Alexand-rovitch Galitzin, descendant of a long he of Russian nobles, and once well known in New York society, who died at Bloomingdale asylum, White Plains pauper and paralytic has been buried Catholic cemetery in White Plains, the Russian consul making the

Prince Galitzin was only 33 years old. Eleven years ago he arrived from Eu-rope and went to Washington where he came an attache of the Russian em-

At the national capital he was preented to President Harrison, and he represented the Russian embassy at many social functions. He made fre-quent visits to this city. He lived on a small allowance sent to him by a sis-

In December, 1894, a sale of the Galitzin family heirlooms and treasures was advertised. The young prince explained

that he had decided to dispose of valuables left by his mother. The collection was shown at an auction from up town and police were detailed to keep in line the people who gathered

while the articles were in view.

On the day of the sale every seat in the auction room was taken. Competition tition among society folk for the Galit-

heirlooms was keen. The first day's sale was a success, and the bidders were departing when a detective served on Prince Alexandrovitch a supreme court summons and complaint. Henry De Gesne, a Parisian dealer, had brought suit for 125,000 francs, the value of diamonds bought by the young Russian nobleman and not paid for. Then the charge was made that the Galatzin collection then on sale was bogus, The sale on the second day fell flat.

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS It Indicates an Unusually High De-

gree of Prosperity. York, July 9.-Comptroller of the Currency Dawes is quoted by the Washington correspondent of the Press is saying relative to the condition of the national banks of the country: The latest detailed reports received from the national banks of the United States indicate an unusually high deof prosperity. The condition of hational banking system can be as a practical barometer of the industrial and commercial condition of the country generally and therefore the remarkable showing now being made by these institutions indicates clearly that every branch of American frade and industry is flushed to a correspondand industry is flushed to a correspond-ingly high degree. The resources of the banks are greater than ever before in the history of the national system, and the condition of the banks generally is

satisfactory."
The present condition of the banks stands out in strong contrast against the dark background of the condition that prevailed some seven or eight years ago. In 1893, for instance, the record for bank fallures was reached, when 38 of the national banks went permanently into the hands of receivers. During the first six months of the present year only seven banks have failed, while during the entire year of 1900 only five went

INSURANCE LIABILITY DECISION Royal Insurance Co. Responsible for Chinatown, Honolulu, Fire Losses.

Honolulu, July 2, (via San Francisco). -In the case just decided before Judge Gear and a jury it has been held that the Royal Insurance company of London is responsible on a policy for \$2.000 for buildings destroyed in the great Chinatown fire of January, 1900. This is the fire which resulted from the oxder of the board of health to destroy block No. 15, of the plague infected dis-trict. The policy of the company contained a clause that insurance should not be paid for losses caused directly or indirectly by an order of a civil authority and the supreme court recently gave a decision that in such cases the nsurance companies were not respon-This resulted in a withdrawal of sible.

a number of cases.

In the case just tried, however, that of Choy Look See against the Royal Insurance company, the plaintiffs brought forward a new issue. They contended that the real cause of the destruction of property, outside of that actually ordered destroyed by the board of health, was a sudden rise in the wind, which caused the fire to spread all over Chinatown. Under this contention the jury gave a verillet for the ention the jury gave a verdlet for the plaintiffs. If the decision is sustained f will mean that many insurance companies which have been supposed to be exempt under the former supreme court decision will have to pay the amounts for which they gave policies.

FRED D. WHITE SUICIDES.

Only Son of U. S. Ambassador A. D. White Shoots Himself.

Ill Health and Nervous Ailments Assigned as the Cause for

the Deed. Syracuse, N. Y., July 8.-Frederick D.

White, son of Andrew D. White, United States ambassador to Germany.committed suicide at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon at his home in this city. Prolonged ill health and a persistent and exhausting nervous disease is given as the only possible explanation of his act.

Mr. White had appeared to be in usual health during the day and had attended to matters of business of the management of the White estate. He was alone in the house with the servants during a part of the afternoon. Mit. White returned shortly after 5 o'clock and found Mr. White dead in the bathroom. A bullet from a rifle had passed through his brain and death had been instantaneous. No one heard the

shot. Some eighteen years ago, on completing his course at Columbia Law col-lege, Mr. White had a severe attack of typhoid fever, from which he never reovered. Stomach and intestinal trou bles resulted. Later his nervous sys-tem became weakened and within a few

years neurasthonia developed. About a year ago he suffered a se vere attack of the complaint. During the recent hot spell another attack of the disease came on, leaving him in a

state of acute nervousness. Mr. White had been about town during the forenoon and appeared bright and hopeful, and it is believed that he did not premeditate suicide. From the appearance of the body when found it was evident that he had placed the muzzle of the rifle in his mouth and fired it with his feet. Coroner Mat they made an examination of the body and it was at first given out that death

was due to cerebral hemorrhage.

The announcement of Mr. White's death was received with great sorrow in this city, where he occupied a promi-nent position in social circles. A cablegram announcing his death was sent to Ambassador White at Berlin tonight As yet no arrangements for the funeral

nave been made Frederick D. White was the only son of Ambassador White and was 42 years old. He was a lawyer. Much of his time in late years has been devoted to the management of property owned by his father and himself.

JACOB ROGERS' WILL. A Codicil to it May be the Means of Nullifying it.

New York, July 8.-The Journal and Advertise rwlll say tomorrow: All the precautions to disinherit his relatives may go to naught by reason of an er-ror, intentional or otherwise-which he made in his will, but which, according to lawyers, must stand as it reads. The error appears in the codicil, dated October 2, 1900. The codicil reads:
"I hereby will and bequeath to my nephew, Theodore B. Rogers Jr., son

of my brother, Theodore B. Rogers, the sum of seventy-five thousand thousand dollars. Signed, Jacob S. Rogers.' Thus, the codicil gives to his nephew \$75,000,0000, or about ten times the amount of the estate. Necessarily it leaves no residue for the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The paragraph, as is

the entire will, is in the handwriting of the testator. error-if an error it be-is unerased and unchanged. Lawyers say it

must stand as it is.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

The scientific blending of California figs and prunes with carefully selected grain makes

A perfect cereal coffee of delicate flavor and fragrant aroma.

A delicious beverage having all the satisfying qualities ca

coffee and tea. Boil from 5 to 10 minutes

ALL

GROCERS.

BEST CEREAL COFFEE

COMEZ AND CUBAN ANNEXATION.

General's Utterances Are Criticised in Havana.

VARIOUSLY INTERPRETED.

Constitutional Convention Wants Constitution Promulgated Before Framing an Electoral Law.

New York, July 9 .- According to the Herald's Havana correspondent the utterances of Gen. Maximo Gemez and T. Estrada Palma in the United States concerning the appexation of Cuba to the United States are criticised by many persons at the Cuban capital. The general understanding seems to be that the speakers referred to the distant future after the establishment of an independent government and after the people of Cuba have had a free opportunity to exercise their de-

sire for annexation. Much of the speeches of the two men is laid to the ordinary courtesy of guests of Americans and to the speakers' desire to smooth over the recent difficulties when Americans charged ingratitude and Cubans charged violation of promises and the use of force. Others believe that the utterances were meant to prevent forcible annexation and so they represented that Cuba would voluntarily drift to the United States after having gained indepen-

WANT CONSTITUTION PUBLISHED New York, July 9 .- The Cuban constitutional convention desires the promulgation of the Cuban constitution as the next logical step towards the formation of a new government, says a Tribune dispatch from Havana. The delegates think that it is useless to frame an electoral law until the constitution has been published. Merchants, planters and newspapers of all political opinion urge the speedy establishment of a new government. Some of the delegates say that the military authorities intimate that the constitution

will not be promulgated at present. Rumors current in Washington will interfere with the framing of an electoral law. The members of the committee desire to avoid any conflict in this respect fearing an unfavorable result. Local public opinion is that matters must remain in their present condition until Gen. Wood's recovery. The commercial and industrial interests protest against any delay in demanding installation of a Cuban government in

SOLDIERS PAY THEMSELVES. Turkish Garrisons at Kilfikh and

Vodena Loot the Palace Treasury. Volo, Greece, July 8.-The Turkish Kilfikh and Vodena, Macedonia, not having been paid by the government in a long time, suc-ceeded in effecting a forcible entrance to the government treasury in the palace where they were stationed, and partitioned among themselves the money in the treasury building. A similar attempt on the part of the troops stationed at Salonica, Macedonia, was frustrated.

MUST RECOUNT CASH. That is the Task Now Before San

Francisco Mint Officials. San Francisco July 8.-The federal officials who are investigating the shortage of \$30,000 in the mint have employed an expert accountant to go over the books, and are also to order recount of the \$47,000,000 in the vaults When the shortage was discovered the gold was counted by sacks, but every sack is now to be opened and the gold counted by weighing. This cannot be done in less than a week. No arrests have yet been made in connection with the affair.

A MOST HORRIBLE CRIME.

A Little Girl in Denver is Outraged in a Terrible Manner.

Denver, Colo., July 8.-Jessie Kinport, a girl 14 years of age, was dragged from her room at her home on West Ninth avenue tonight and taken to a vacant lot nearby and ravished. When found her body was horribly mutilated and she was in a semi-con-scious condition. The police did not learn of the affair until late, and details are not known at this time. However, Chris Jenson was arrested by Officer Lambert and is held at the sta-

tion pending an investigation. His arrest occurred in a peculiar way Officer Lambert was returning to headquarters with some stray stock when he noticed a man standing on a corner of South Fifteenth street. His strange actions attracted the officer, who approached him. As he did so Jenson whipped out a knife, and declared he would not be taken. Lambert disarmed him and brought him to the station. The knife that was taken from Jenson was covered with blood. All the way to the station he kept speaking of trouble he had had with a woman, which necessitated his cutting her up

pretty badly. Jenson's actions are those of an inman, and the police believe that he is the person who assaulted and cruelly butchered the little Kinport a late hour tonight the girl was in a dangerous condition, but may

An investigation of the footprints at the scene of the crime show that the shoes worn by Jenson fit the marks ex-The police are sure that Jenson is the guilty person and that he committed the numerous assaults made upon women of late. The victim of last night's assault is still alive but in a dangerous condition.

TRANSVAAL MINING CLAIMS. British Government Issues a Blue

Book Defining Their Status. Washington, July 9 .- The position of the British government relative to the various mining and other concessions in the Transvaal is fully disclosed in a blue book covering this question which has just reached Washington. The subject is of the very first importance to the state and the war departments, as me of the most troublesome and weighty problems now confronting them is a result of claims from various concessionaries in the Philippines, Porto Rico and Cuba. Claims of vast amounts based on telegraph and railroad franchises granted by the Spanish government prior to the Spanish-Ameran war have been made, and from Great Britain's course may establish a valuable precedent. Moreover, the most important of the concessions in our insular possessions and in Cuba are claimed by English corporations. The issue was made last September, when Sir Alfred Milner, the South Afri-can commissioner, promulgated the

famous order giving notice that the British government reserved the right to recognize or modify any concession made by the late South African repub-lic, "without proper legal authority, or

contrary to law, or the conditions of which have not been duly compiled with, or which appear to affect preju-dicially the interest of the republic." This clause was of the most sweeping character, and the British govern ment appointed a commission to pass upon the whole subject. This commission has made an exhaustive report set out in the blue book. It lays down some important principles. One interesting statement in the beginning is

"On the first of September, 1900, her late majesty annexed the territories and obliterated the sovereignty of the South African republic. It is clear that a state which has annexed another is not legally bound by any contracts made by the state which has ceased to exist and that no court of law has jurisdiction to enforce such contracts if the annexing state refuses to recognize

The commission also asserts the right to "examine whether the franchises which it is asked to recognize have in fact been duly acaquired." a point of interest in the Cuban cable controversy. It also accepts Sir Alfred Milner's most important suggestion in the declaration that the new government is justified in cancelling or modifying a concession when the maintenance of the concession is injurious to the public in-

The conclusions of the commissioners have not yet been accepted and enunciated by the British government itself so far as the blue book shows. The correspondence is brought up to April 19

MORE FILIPINOS SURRENDER. Col. Wint Continues to Receive

Their Submission. Manila, July 9 .- There have been a number of additional surrenders to Col. Wint. In all 59 officers and 475 men, with 286 rifles and 46 revolvers, have surrendered to him. Of the Ninth cavalry deserters Dubose and Russell have surrendered and Hunter and Victor were brought in by Bellarmino.

Posthumous Honors for Chinese.

London, July 8.—A dispatch from Pe-kin says: Posthumous honors have been bestowed upon a large number of citizens and soldiers who were killed in the attacks on foreigners, their deeds being commended by the court. Honors are likewise bestowed on their families. In this and other ways the court still shows its belief that the war against foreigners was legitimate, notwithstanding foreign condemnation of the outrageous methods employed. The progressive officials are doubtful as to what treatment they will receive when

Reform Club Supports Bannerman.

New York, July 9,-At the Reform club conference of the liberal party today, unanimity in support of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman seems al most assured, the Tribune's London correspondent thinks. Efforts will be made to heal the cleavage in the party by formulating peace terms in South Africa, which the whole party can support. It is understood that Lord Rose-bery will not attend the Asquith dinner, but will probably issue a letter indorsing his views.

TRANSUBSTANTIATION.

New York, July 9.-In consideration of the committee's report on the tran-substantiation declaration in the house of lords last night, says the Tribune London correspondent, the archbisho of Canterbury complained that the episcopal bench had no voice in mending the declaration and moved its reference back to the committee and the ap-pointment of two additional members Earl Grey declared that the revise form was even more offensive than the The lord chancellor denied this, his opinion being that everything objectionable had been struck out. Lord Lanaff thought that the committee missed a great opportunity of removing an ancient grievance. Lord Spencer, Lord Rosebery and the archbishop of York supported the reference to the committee, Lord Salisbury contended that it was unprecedented to refer back unanimous report without a single hint respecting the correction wanted. He advised allowing the bill to be read a second time so that it could be dis-cussed in committee. This course was

ventually adopted. It is believed that owing to the wide royal declaration expressed in the house of lords last night the govern-ment will not try to pass the bill this

In the house of commons the education bill met with vigorous opposition members of both sides condemning it as cumbersome, insufficient and unworkable

GT. NORTHERN TRAIN ROBBERS All Hope of Capturing Them Has

Been Abandoned. Malta, Mont., July 8 .- All hope of capturing the Great Northern train robbers has been abandoned. One by one the men who accompanied the authorities on the chase to the southward have returned and the general opinion appears

to be that the robbers have made good their escape. The men composing the sheriff's posse sent out from Glasgow have despaired of capturing the men, and the case has been given up from this end of the line. Hopes are entertained that the rob-bers may be apprehended while on their way out of the state by the authorities of the southern counties of Montana. Experienced trailers are firm in the be lief that the riders scattered as soon as they were near the southern boundary of the state and reached the Hole-in-the-Wall by circuitous routes.

KING EDWARD'S TITLE. Agreement Concerning it Arrived at

With British Colonies. New York, July 9.-An agreement has been arrived at with the British colo-nies as to the alteration in King Ed-

ward's title, says the London corre-spondent of the Tribune but the ministers are unlikely to introduce a bill un-less there is prospect of its being treated as an unopposed measure.

Got Best Eclipse Photographs.

San Francisco, July 9 .- F. W. Dyson. an astronomer from the Greenwich observatory, England, who went to Sumatra to take views and make observations of the eclipse there in May of the various eclipse parties to reach this country. He says the best photo-graphs of the eclipse were obtained by American astronomers. He will make a tour of the observatories of this coun-

California Wines Menaced.

San Francisco, July .- P. C. Rossi, president of the Italian-Swiss colony, who has just returned from an extended trip to all the principal eastern cities brings a surprisingly gloomy report of adverse conditions menacing California wines in the markets of the East, Mr. Rossi says that our wines have reached a selling price which makes imitation profitable and this is being extensively done in the "brick vineyards of New York, Ohio and Missouri." Their product is mixed with California wines and sold as coming from this state. A national pure wine law, in Mr. Rossi's opinion, is the only remedy for this condition of affairs.

VENEZUELAN FILIBUSTERS.

Indications That They Are Preparing an Expedition.

ANDRADE IN NEW YORK.

Other Leading Revolutionists Are There-Gen. Juan Pietri May be Made the Leader.

New York, July 9 .- Consul General E.

Gonzales Esteves believes that former

President Andrade of Venezuela came to this city about three days ago incognito, having shaved off his beard. He also believes that Andrade came here from Havana by rail from Florida. Taking this in connection with the presence in the city of Nicholas Hernandez, a son of Gen. Jose Manuel Hernandez, who is now in jail in Maracalbo for having been one of the leaders in a revolution against President Castro, and Andreas Pietri, a nephew of Gen. Juan Pietri, also a revolutionist and a friend of Andrade, and Engel Fernandez, who is said to be here to buy arms for the Venezuelan revolu-

tionary party, Consul General Esteves thinks that a filibustering expedition is soon to be started for Venezuela. Pietri came here about two weeks ago and is living at Harlem. Hernandez has just reached here on the steamer Caracas. He went at once to the of-fice of the consul general and said he was looking for work. Senor Esteves promised to help him in his search. In the meantime detectives have been employed to watch the young man who went to live at the house at which Pietri is. Consul General Esteves says that he has detectives watching Andrade and Fernandez also, and that a sharp watch will be kept for filibus

tering parties. Both Hernandez and Pietri deny that they have any intention of taking part in any expedition to Venezuela. When asked if they would join a filibustering expedition if one were started they said they were not in politics.

Gen. Juan Pitri is mentioned as the

eader of the revolution in Venezuela if one is started. COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY. Commissioner of Pensions Evans

May be Appointed. New York, July 9 .- According to a ispatch to the World there is a general eling in official circles in Washington that the resignation of Comptroller Dawes has presented a solution of the controversy regarding the continuance of Commissioner Evans at the head of

the pension bureau. An impression prevails, the dispatch says, that the President has already de-Matter Comes Up in the Lords and Causes Much Discussion. termined to appoint Mr. Evans to be comptroller of the currency. This would be in the nature of a promotion the salary is more and the term of office longer.

HATZFELDTS WILL NOT SUE. No Action to be Brought to Set Aside

Huntington's Will. New York, July 8.-The Evening World says: Prince von Hetzfeldt stad today there was no truth in the reports that he and the princess were going to contest the will of the late C. P. Hunt-The prince and Princess von Hatzfeldt are at the Holland house in this city. In an interview today the

The princess is quite satisfied with the terms of her father's will. I can say that never at any time has she wished to push any claims she has. The will was most generous to her and she has never thought of demanding a daughter's portion. I cannot imagine how this rumor has started. It has caused great amusement to the prin-

It is the intention of the prince and princess to remain about three months in America. They will be for a week or two in New York and later will visit

at several country homes. I cannot say where we shall visit," said the prince. "People have been very kind and we have not settled our plans. We shall return to Europe in September. The princess is not very well and the trip was undertaken partly to benefit her and there will be no suit

now or at any time. "This report about our dissatisfaction with the will," he said, "has annoyed me far more than it has the princess. She has rever taken the trouble to deny it and is simply much amused at

what she hears about herself." Money for Agricultural Colleges. Washington, July 8 .- The treasury department today drew warrants ag-gregating \$1,200,000, or \$25,000 each for orty-five states and two territories being the maximum amount provided by Congress in the act of August 30, 1890, for the endowment and maintenance of colleges for the benefit of

agriculture and mechanical arts.

This act provided a minimum sum of \$15,000 for that year, with an annual increase of \$1,000 for ten years up to \$25,000. The maximum is now reached and hereafter each of the states and territories will receive annually this sum for its agricultural colleges. This money is the proceeds of the sale of

CATTLE IN OKLAHOMA.

Opening of Indian Lands Causes Cattlemen Much Anxiety.

Denver, Colo., July 8.-The action of the President in proclaiming the open-ing for settlement of the reservation lands in Oklahoma on August 6th is causing great uneasiness to the cattle-men. It is said that there are 200,000 head of cattle on ranges that have been leased by Texas and Oklahoma These cattle are immature and unfit for the market at the present time. If the order is carried out, the cattle will have to be shipped im-mediately and sold for canning in the eastern markets for what they will

bring. The loss under such conditions would be hundreds of thousands of dollars. It is said that a delay of ninety or even sixty days would enable owners to put the cattle on the market in proper condition. To secure such a delay, if possible, the following tele-gram was sent to Secy, Hitchcock Sat-

Hon, E. A. Hitchcock, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C .- Live stock interest in West and Southwest will be seriously affected unless proclamation opening Klowa and Comanche reservations can be delayed until herds mmature cattle can be shipped to mare ket. On behalf of live stock industry I respectfully petition for such delay, "JOHN W. SPRINGER,"
"President National Live Stock Asso-

The telegram evidently arrived too late to have any effect, but every pressure will be brought to bear on Secy. Hitchcock to prevent losses to the

TIRED AND LANGUID.

Pe-ru-na an Invaluable Tonic for Women in the Summertime.

Miss Marie Coats, President of the on my stomach. Before I could get Appleton Young Ladies' Club, writes away from the table my mouth and the following concerning Peruna:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.: "One day I had almost despaired and Gentlemen-"I find Peruna an ex- had been crying. I picked up a paper

cellent spring and summer medicine and looking over it saw where Dr. Hartand am glad to call the attention of my man's Peruna had been doing a lady so



MARIE COATS. friends to it. When that languid, tired the abdominal organs. feeling comes over you, and your food | Every family and person ought to be no longer tastes good, and small annoy- provided with an effective preventive ances irritate you, Peruna will make and cure for these diseases. you feel like another person inside of a | Peruna never fails when used in time, week. I have now used it for three sea- to cure the most severe cases of them. sons and find it very reliable and effica- Thousands of lives are saved by this

cious."-Marie Coats. Mrs. Emma A. Bell, Fort Pierce, Fla., eases of the stomach and bowels.

writes: denly with what I thought to be acute mer complaints, send for a free book dysentery and swelling of stomach and written by Dr. Hartman, President bowels which was both distressing and Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, very painful. I began doctoring, and on diseases peculiar to summer, which have had three doctors. They gave me contains a description of the causes,

stomach was raw as a piece of beef. I Appleton, Wis. | was starving to death.

much good, I decided to try it, so I wrote the doctor and he pronounced my case catarrh of stomach and bowels. I began to take Perupa at once.

"After taking half of one bottle my mouth began to get better and my stomach was so I could eat several things. When I had taken two bottles I had got so I could stand up long enough to wash the dishes, and my bowels had given me but little trouble. The numbness left my limbs and I could walk quite a little way.

"I have taken only five bottles and can truthfully say that I am well, and can and will always praise Peruna,"-Mrs. Emma A. Bell.

Summer Catarrh.

The exceedingly hot weather of the present summer is producing an alarming fatality from diarrhoa, cholera infantum, cholera morbus and dysentery, and other catarrhal affections of

unfailing remedy in all catarrhal dis-If you are not already acquainted with "In June, 1898, I was taken very sud- the wonderful virtues of Perina in sumrelief, but I was growing worse. I could symptoms and cure of these dangerous not eat anything. Everything soured and prevalent disease

Most Famous Bathing Resort in the World. Largest Pavillon in America. Fresh Amusements and Attractions Dahy. Magnificent Orchestra, Dancing Every Day and Evening.

TRAINS AT FREQUENT INTERVALS.

Courteous Treatment to Patrons.

BLANKE'S Faust Blend COFFEE

is the only Coffee served at Saltair Beach and many of the leading hotels and restaurants in America and England. The hardest test any coffee has to stand is constant use in these hotels. Faust Blend has stood this test, and has found its way into thousands of homes through its superior drinking qualities.

C.F. BLANKE TEA AND COFFEE CO., Louis.



A Travel Point

Pan=American Exposition THE Pan-American, to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., May 1 to Nov. 1, will be one of the greatest and most beautiful expositions the world has known. To enjoy its

will desire to travel by the route affording the most comfort and interest. The return trip, too, must be considered, as after you have done the Exposition, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and vicinity, you'll be tired and wish to reach home quickly.

beauties will be worth any effort. The question of traveling

to and from Buffalo is one to be carefully considered. You

The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway

as the leading line to Buffalo by reason of the frequency of its trains and the certainty and punctuality of their movement will best meet this requirement. It is the only double track line, and the completeness of its service-eight through trains daily among them the only daylight train, places it at the forefront among Eastern roads. The country traversed is the fairest and richest of the Middle States -the most interesting on the way to Buffalo.

All tickets over this route afford use of steamers either was between Clereland and Muffalo, also stop at Chantauqua on return trip within limit of ticket. Our "Book of Trains" contains full information. Sent free on request. Look of through carefully. F. M. BYRON, G. W. A., Chicago.

the second secon *DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGH-WAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO



MISTORIAN'S OFFICE.

Calcan of Jesus Christ of Laiter-day Saints.